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# Domain Name - bonousa.com

WhoIs Information	Moz information
Registered : No	Subdomain normalized: 2.759997129
Domain age: 0 Years 0 Months 0 Days	<b>Subdomain raw</b> : 0.2759996951
Tech email:	Url normalized : 4.800000191
Name servers :	Url raw: 0.4799999893
Created at:	Http status code: 403
Changed at :	Domain authority: 32
Expire at :	Page authority: 48
Registrant name :	External quality link: 156
Admin name :	Links : 225
Registrant country : 💌	
Admin country : ×	Link information
Registrant phone :	Backlink count: 156
Admin phone :	Total link count: 225

Mozrank: 4.800000191

Admin phone:



## ¿AUMENTA TUS VENTAS?



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Denoglika

Permitir Cookins

# **Mobile Friendly Check**

Performance: 5.65

**Emulated Form Factor Mobile** 

Locale En-US

Category Performance

## Field Data

Over the last 30 days, the field data shows that this page has an **Moderate** speed compared to other pages in the Chrome User Experience Report. We are showing The 75th percentile of FCP and The 95th percentile of FID

First Contentful Paint (FCP)

Metric Category

First Input Delay (FID)

Metric Category

Overall Category



# Origin Summary

All pages served from this origin have a **Slow** speed compared to other pages in the Chrome User Experience Report Over the last 30 days. To view suggestions tailored to each page, analyze individual page URLs.

First Contentful Paint (FCP)

Metric Category

First Input Delay (FID)

Metric Category

Overall Category

#### Lab Data

#### First Contentful Paint

First Contentful Paint marks the time at which the first text or image is painted. Learn more

8.5 s

#### First Meaningful Paint

First Meaningful Paint measures when the primary content of a page is visible. Learn more

8.5 s

#### Speed Index

Speed Index shows how quickly the contents of a page are visibly populated. Learn more

15.1 s

#### First CPU Idle

First CPU Idle marks the first time at which the page's main thread is quiet enough to handle input. Learn more

8.5 s

#### Time to Interactive

Time to interactive is the amount of time it takes for the page to become fully interactive. Learn more

20.8 s

#### Max Potential First Input Delay

The maximum potential First Input Delay that your users could experience is the duration, in milliseconds, of the longest task.

Learn more

420 ms

## **Audit Data**

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget json file. Learn More

## Eliminate render-blocking resources

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. **Learn More** 

Potential savings of 6,950 ms

## Efficiently encode images

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn More

#### Enable text compression

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. **Learn**More

Potential savings of 769 KiB

## Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn More

35 resources found

# Reduce the impact of third-party code

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. **Learn More** 

Third-party code blocked the main thread for 1,190 ms

## Network Round Trip Times

Network round trip times (RTT) have a large impact on performance. If the RTT to an origin is high, it's an indication that servers closer to the user could improve performance. **Learn More** 

0 ms

## **Estimated Input Latency**

Estimated Input Latency is an estimate of how long your app takes to respond to user input, in milliseconds, during the busiest 5s window of page load. If your latency is higher than 50 ms, users may perceive your app as laggy. **Learn More** 

190 ms

#### First Contentful Paint (3G)

First Contentful Paint 3G marks the time at which the first text or image is painted while on a 3G network. **Learn More**17255 ms

#### **Total Blocking Time**

Sum of all time periods between FCP and Time to Interactive, when task length exceeded 50ms, expressed in milliseconds.

## Reduce JavaScript execution time

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. **Learn More** 

3.1 s

## Defer offscreen images

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. **Learn More** 

#### Server Backend Latencies

Server latencies can impact web performance. If the server latency of an origin is high, it's an indication the server is overloaded or has poor backend performance. **Learn More** 

 $0 \, \mathrm{ms}$ 

## Properly size images

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn More

Potential savings of 1,785 KiB

#### Remove unused CSS

Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-fold content to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. **Learn More** 

Potential savings of 547 KiB

#### Avoid enormous network payloads

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn More

Total size was 5,400 KiB

#### Minimize main-thread work

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. **Learn More** 

5.0 s

#### Serve images in next-gen formats

Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. **Learn More** 

Potential savings of 3,092 KiB

#### Avoid chaining critical requests

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load.

**Learn More** 

#### 27 chains found

## Avoid enormous network payloads

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer Learn More

#### 298 elements

# Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn More  $Potential \ savings \ of \ 1,260 \ ms$ 

# Minify JavaScript

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn More

## User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. **Learn More** 

IP Information	Malware Scan Info
ISP : AS8560 1&1 IONOS SE	Google safe browser norton : Safe
<b>Ip</b> : 217.160.0.92	Norton: untested
Country: GERMANY (DEUTSCHLAND)	
City : Frankfurt am Main	
Region : Hesse	Search Engine Index Info
Timezone : Europe/Berlin	Google index : 1
<b>Latitude</b> : 50.1155	Bing index: 0
Longitude: 8.6842	Yahoo index : 0

## Sites in Same IP

- 1. slcservices.org
- 2. advancedphotonictherapy.eu

- 3. eclipsemanager.com
- 4. west-eastern-divan.org
- 5.