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Website: <https://seoguide.co/>

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Domain Name - pneint.com

WhoIs Information

Registered : No

Domain age : 8 Years 6 Months 21 Days

Tech email : apiname@apiname.com

Name servers : ns4.parspack.co

Created at : 02-Oct-2016

Changed at : 02-Feb-2021

Expire at :

Registrant name : Domain Administrator

Admin name : Domain Administrator

Registrant country :  GB

Admin country :  GB

Registrant phone : +44.7520644531

Admin phone : +44.7520644531

Moz information

Subdomain normalized : 0.02155612037

Subdomain raw : 0.002155612223

Url normalized : 3.099999905

Url raw : 0.3100000024

Http status code : 200

Domain authority : 13

Page authority : 31

External quality link : 2

Links : 37

Link information

Backlink count : 2

Total link count : 37

Mozrank : 3.099999905



Mobile Friendly Check

Performance : 33.62

Emulated Form Factor	Mobile
Locale	En-US
Category	Performance

Field Data

Over the last 30 days, the field data shows that this page has an **Moderate** speed compared to other pages in the Chrome User Experience Report. **We are showing The 75th percentile of FCP and The 95th percentile of FID**

First Contentful Paint (FCP)

Metric Category

First Input Delay (FID)

Metric Category

Overall Category



Origin Summary

All pages served from this origin have a **Slow** speed compared to other pages in the Chrome User Experience Report Over the last 30 days.To view suggestions tailored to each page, analyze individual page URLs.

First Contentful Paint (FCP)

Metric Category

First Input Delay (FID)

Metric Category

Overall Category

Lab Data

First Contentful Paint

First Contentful Paint marks the time at which the first text or image is painted. [Learn more](#)

5.7 s

First Meaningful Paint

First Meaningful Paint measures when the primary content of a page is visible. [Learn more](#)

5.8 s

Speed Index

Speed Index shows how quickly the contents of a page are visibly populated. [Learn more](#)

11.5 s

First CPU Idle

First CPU Idle marks the first time at which the page's main thread is quiet enough to handle input. [Learn more](#)

5.8 s

Time to Interactive

Time to interactive is the amount of time it takes for the page to become fully interactive. [Learn more](#)

6.6 s

Max Potential First Input Delay

The maximum potential First Input Delay that your users could experience is the duration, in milliseconds, of the longest task. [Learn more](#)

220 ms

Audit Data

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. [Learn More](#)

73 requests • 4,400 KiB

Eliminate render-blocking resources

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. [Learn More](#)

Potential savings of 7,190 ms

Efficiently encode images

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. [Learn More](#)

Enable text compression

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. [Learn More](#)

Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. [Learn More](#)

67 resources found

Minimize third-party usage

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. [Learn More](#)

Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Network Round Trip Times

Network round trip times (RTT) have a large impact on performance. If the RTT to an origin is high, it's an indication that servers closer to the user could improve performance. [Learn More](#)

0 ms

Estimated Input Latency

Estimated Input Latency is an estimate of how long your app takes to respond to user input, in milliseconds, during the busiest 5s window of page load. If your latency is higher than 50 ms, users may perceive your app as laggy. [Learn More](#)

50 ms

First Contentful Paint (3G)

First Contentful Paint 3G marks the time at which the first text or image is painted while on a 3G network. [Learn More](#)

10890 ms

Total Blocking Time

Sum of all time periods between FCP and Time to Interactive, when task length exceeded 50ms, expressed in milliseconds.

450 ms

Reduce JavaScript execution time

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. [Learn More](#)

1.7 s

Defer offscreen images

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. [Learn More](#)

Server Backend Latencies

Server latencies can impact web performance. If the server latency of an origin is high, it's an indication the server is overloaded or has poor backend performance. [Learn More](#)

0 ms

Properly size images

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. [Learn More](#)

Potential savings of 750 KiB

Remove unused CSS

Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-fold content to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. [Learn More](#)

Potential savings of 15 KiB

Avoid enormous network payloads

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. [Learn More](#)

Total size was 4,400 KiB

Minimize main-thread work

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. [Learn More](#)

6.2 s

Serve images in next-gen formats

Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. [Learn More](#)

Potential savings of 1,942 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load.

[Learn More](#)

40 chains found

Avoid enormous network payloads

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer [Learn More](#)
766 elements

Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. [Learn More](#)

Minify JavaScript

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. [Learn More](#)

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. [Learn More](#)

IP Information

ISP : AS60631 Pars Parva System LLC

Ip : 171.22.26.40

Country :  IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN)

City : Tehran

Region : Tehran

Timezone : Asia/Tehran

Latitude : 35.6944

Longitude : 51.4215

Malware Scan Info

Google safe browser norton : Safe

Norton : untested

Search Engine Index Info

Google index : 132

Bing index : 12

Yahoo index : 11

Sites in Same IP

1. i2xi.com

2. inaghd.ir

3. aminaramesh.ir
4. 284243.ir
5. snsyndicate.ir
6. shahdeshgh.ir
7. bstclub.ir
8. bigm.ir
9.